

## THE SENATE WAVERS,

At Least There Are Some Signs It Will Yield.

Senators Flooded With Indorsements of Cleveland's Course.

HAVE SOME EFFECT.

Senate Really Appears to Pay Attention to Them.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—For the first time since the tariff has been in conference there were signs of wavering in the strong line that has stood behind the senate bill.

"Senate bill or none," had been repeated during the day, but less frequently and with less emphasis than heretofore. The only explanation for the brief conference yesterday is the fact that the house conferees feel the situation is changing in their favor. There are many reasons advanced to show this state of mind has a good foundation. It is known the mails and the telegraph are bringing to the Democratic senators urgent appeals to pass a bill which will not favor the trusts and which will be in line with the demands of the party platform.

In fact, these requests upon the senators are indorsements of the position of the president and the house in the main points of difference. That these telegrams are having effect cannot be denied, and have caused the senators who are most insistent upon the senate bill, as regards coal, iron ore and sugar, no little concern. The house members also find considerable comfort in their analysis of the speeches made by the Democratic senators when the conference disagreement was before the senate, in which they find that but one Democrat besides Mr. Hill made any pledge of his vote, and that was Senator Caffery, who declared that if the Louisiana sugar interests were not protected he would not vote for the bill.

None of the other senators, it is claimed, burned the bridges behind them; none of them declared absolutely that they would vote against the bill if the one-eighth differential on sugar was not retained, or if the duty on iron ore and coal was stricken out. But, more than this, many of the senators declared their desire to obtain a bill which would secure forty-three Democratic votes. It is pointed out that none of these senators, not even Mr. Caffery, have placed themselves in a position in which they cannot support a bill if it is returned without a differential protection to the sugar refiners and with coal and iron at the free list.

It is known that a great deal of pressure is being brought to bear on the Democratic conferees of the senate to report an agreement with modifications of the principal items, a compromise being suggested to the extent of a flat ad valorem rate on sugar of 45 per cent, with an extension of bounty to January 1, 1895, free iron ore, coal 40 cents a ton, with a reciprocity provision that coal shall be admitted free from such countries as grant free admission to coal produced in the United States. While this proposition has not been submitted with any assertion that it is an ultimatum of the house conferees, there is a great deal of talk that such a proposition is likely to be presented.

This, it is believed, will secure the votes of the Louisiana senators, the two Populists, Allen and Kyle, and Irish of South Carolina. In that event it would take three other Democratic senators besides Hill to defeat the bill, and the house members declare the number cannot be found.

Conferees among Democratic leaders in the senate and between these senators and Democratic members of the house were frequent during the day after the conference adjourned, and they were held with the view of harmonizing the difference if possible. The Democrats met in formal conference again to-day.

Yesterday in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—The senate wore an aspect of peace and serenity yesterday in striking contrast to the excitement of last week. Vice President Stevenson had returned and occupied his accustomed seat. Among the bills introduced was one by Mr. Allen to provide for the issue of \$50,000,000 in treasury notes to be distributed pro rata among the states "for the relief of the worthy poor." It was referred to the finance committee.

The report of the conferees on the agricultural appropriation bill announcing agreement on all the amendments but the one appropriating \$1,000,000 for the extermination of the Russian thistle was agreed to. The senate formally insisted on this amendment and sent the bill back to conference.

The sundry civil bill was presented at the senate and will be considered to-day, and Mr. Cookrell gave notice that the deficiency bill would be reported to-day.

The house joint resolution further extending the appropriations until August 1 was passed by the senate. The senate adjourned at 4:50 p. m.

### The House.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Beyond the passage of a few unimportant bills by unanimous consent nothing was done by the house yesterday. Mr. Boutelle offered a resolution congratulating and recognizing the Hawaiian republic, but on a point of order it was referred to the committee on foreign affairs.

Two hours were spent in an attempt to secure the adoption of a special order for the consideration of Mr. McKee's bill to protect public forests by reserving them, but the Republicans, by absenting themselves, succeeded in forcing an adjournment.

Under the act of March 3, 1893, the president reserved public timber lands from sale and disposal and set

them aside for forestry purposes. The total number of acres so reserved aggregated 17,564,800 and included lands in Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, Oregon, Washington and Wyoming. The bill for which consideration was sought yesterday empowered the secretary of the interior to sell under restrictions not exceeding 50 per cent of the timber of commercial value on these reservations, to regulate the occupancy of the same and protect the same against fire and depredations. The house adjourned at 3:45.

### Courts for the Indian Territory.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—The senate passed the bill yesterday introduced some time ago by Senator Teller, providing additional court facilities for the people of the Indian Territory. There were some important amendments to the original bill. The bill as passed, divides the Indian territory into a Southern and Northern district, each to be presided over by a judge. Judge Stuart, the present judge, is to have what is known as the Southern district, which is made up of the Choctaw and Chickasaw nations, while the Northern district is made up of the Cherokee, Creek and Seminole nations. In the Northern district only one place is designated for holding court, and that is Muskogee.

### Oklahoma City Military Reservation.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—The conferees on the bill to donate to Oklahoma City the military reservation adjoining that town agreed upon the various amendments yesterday and made their report to their respective houses. Later in the day also the report was also agreed to by both the senate and the house. The bill is now ready to go to the president, where it will doubtless become a law in a few days. The bill, as finally agreed upon, donates the whole reservation to the city as it passed the senate.

### Would Not Answer Sugar Trust Questions.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Mr. Seymour of the brokerage firm of Seymour Bros. & Young of New York was again before the sugar trust investigation committee yesterday. He persisted in his disinclination to answer the questions of the committee as to whether the firm had invested in sugar stocks through his firm, and did not add any information of any kind to the inquiry.

### Another National Park.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Senator Squire of Washington, has presented a memorial to congress for a national park on the Pacific coast surrounding the celebrated Mount Ranier, near Puget Sound. A large number of scientists are interested in this proposed park and have advised in preparing the memorial and given a cordial indorsement to the plan.

### The House Caucus Time Set.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—The time for the house Democratic caucus has been changed to Thursday afternoon. A report that members had withdrawn their names from the petition in sufficient number to cause the caucus to be abandoned proved incorrect. Representative Brookshire withdrew his name on the ground, it is said, that to-day was too early.

### Wilson Says He Can Prove an Alibi.

NEVADA, Mo., July 31.—Joseph A. Wilson, who resides with his parents in the north part of Vernon county, was arrested here yesterday by officers from Colorado, and will be taken back to that state to stand trial as one of the men implicated in the ar and feather outrage on Adjutant General Tarsney. Wilson, who recently returned from Colorado, where he assisted the sheriff in putting down the mines' strike, Wilson denies that he was in any way implicated in the Tarsney affair, and says he will be able to prove an alibi.

### Uncle Sam Will Pay the Bill.

CHICAGO, July 31.—The claims of property owners on Grand boulevard have been sent to Washington by General Miles. Fifty thousand dollars is the aggregate amount asked by the owners of the properties by the explosion of the artillery caisson July 16. The board of officers appointed by General Miles, it is said, has recommended the payment of nearly all the claims in full.

### Jealousy Causes a Shooting.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 31.—George Raffert was shot and fatally wounded last night by William C. Hasten on the sidewalk in front of Mrs. Charles Wischrope's rooming house at 510 Independence avenue, in which they both resided. The shooting was the result of a quarrel arising from Raffert's objections to the attentions which Hasten showed to Mrs. Raffert.

### An Eye on the Justice.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 31.—Justice of the Peace Ross W. Lashaw, whose mysterious absence from the city has given rise to ugly reports concerning his accounts, has been heard from. He is in London, where he claims to have gone on legal business for a client, although his relatives and intimate friends do not know who the client is.

### Senator Vest's Condition.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Senator Vest has been confined to his bed for two days by a violent attack of erysipelas and his condition is reported far from encouraging. His intimate friends are very much concerned over his condition.

### Burglars Working Ottawa, Kansas.

OTTAWA, Kan., July 31.—Burglars entered the boot and shoe store of August Lofy & Co., broke open the money drawer and abstracted the change therein, and also helped themselves to considerable stock.

Rudy's Pile Suppository is guaranteed to cure Piles and Constipation, or money refunded. 50 cents per box. Send stamp for circular and free sample to Martin Rudy, Lancaster, Pa. For sale by all first-class druggists, and in Topeka by W. R. Kennedy, corner Fourth and Kansas avenue.

Have you tried the American Steam Laundry for your laundry work? If you haven't, try them. 112 W. 7th. Tele. 94.

## EXPLOSION AND FIRE.

Property Valued at \$500,000 Burned at Minneapolis.

Twenty Million Feet of Lumber Was Destroyed.

GAS TANK EXPLODES.

A 500 Pound Piece of Iron Thrown Several Blocks.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., July 31.—The third disastrous fire in the history of Minneapolis broke out about 3:30 yesterday afternoon in the lumber yards of the Shevlin-Carpenter company on the bank of the Mississippi river at the foot of Eighth avenue, north. It spread with remarkable rapidity, and before it was controlled destroyed property valued at nearly \$500,000.

Besides 20,000,000 feet of lumber, the gas manufacturing plant of the Omaha Railroad company, the roundhouse, toolhouse, sandhouse and turntables of that road, nearly forty freight cars, some loaded with merchandise, and the office building of the Shevlin-Carpenter company, were burned. The saw mill, the planing mill, drying kilns and store house for molding and preparing wood, although in the very heart of the fire district, were saved by the efforts of the firemen, aided by a fortuitous change in the direction of the wind.

Help was summoned from St. Paul and seven engines with full crews were sent over from that city. The insurance will be about \$350,000.

The fire has caused the greatest excitement and brought tens of thousands of people to the scene from within a radius of a score of miles. It was not long after the blaze was first noticed when the heat became so intense that the crowds were forced back, and it was well they were, because in less than a hour two tanks containing gas used by the Omaha Railroad company in light of its cars, under the Pintsch system, exploded with terrific force, hurling fragments of steel a long distance.

One piece weighing fully 500 pounds was carried several blocks and dropped in the railroad yards. A stationary boiler also exploded but caused no loss of life. Employees of the railroad company, at the risk of their lives, and with hands and faces blistered by the fearful heat, rushed into the ferocious flames and saved ten dead locomotives and nearly 100 cars, many of them emerging from the sea of flame, charred and damaged by the maelstrom of fire through which they were brought.

Incoming and outgoing trains were delayed several hours, the fire being a short distance from the union depot. Revised figures place the loss of the Shevlin-Carpenter company at \$310,000, with insurance \$100,000. The loss to the Omaha railroad company, including cars, is nearly \$200,000, covered by blanket insurance. Losses by cars burned belonging to other companies will swell the total to upwards of \$500,000.

### Commonwealers Liberated.

KANSAS CITY, Kan., July 31.—The last of the commonwealers who were sent to the county jail in this city by the United States court six weeks ago, for stealing a train in Western Kansas, were released to-day. There were three of the twenty-four left. The rest had been released in squads of three during the past week. All of them are lingering around the city, and as soon as their brethren who are confined in jails in other cities in the state are released they will congregate here and reorganize for their journey to Washington. Several men from Leavenworth and Atchison have already arrived, but nothing will be done in the way of reorganization until they all get here. The men say they will elect a general from the ranks, and that none of the old officers will be permitted to go with the army to Washington.

### Santa Fe Shops Resume at Ottawa.

OTTAWA, Kan., July 31.—The big whistle at the Santa Fe shops belched forth its noisy summons to work yesterday morning for the first time in three weeks. While the shops have been running in a dilatory way most of the time, no whistle was blown, and its blowing is taken as a signal to the public that the shops are formally opened again. Investigation reveals that most all the departments have an almost full complement of men, a large majority of whom are strangers here. The company is still recruiting its forces and the shops will soon be running to their full capacity. A majority of the strikers are still in the city and holding meetings and passing resolutions almost nightly.

### Military Commissions Issued.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., July 31.—Governor Stone has issued the following military commissions: A. M. Casey, captain, and C. C. Kellogg, first lieutenant, company B, Third Infantry; H. C. Beardsley, second lieutenant, company E, Fourth regiment.

### Cyclone in Oklahoma.

EL RENO, Ok., July 31.—News from El Reno report a terrific cyclone visited Watonga county seat of Blaine county, last night, destroying many buildings, ruining crops and injuring a great many persons. The town was badly wrecked.

### Debs Coming West.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 31.—Eugene V. Debs, president of the American Railway union, is expected to arrive from Indiana to-day for the purpose of addressing members of the A. R. U. to-night.

### New Yorkers for McKinley.

NEW YORK, July 31.—Republicans of the Seventh assembly district of this city have organized a club which they call the McKinley club of the Seventh assembly district.

Webb & Harris, druggists, Bennett's Flat.

## CATCHING UP.

Chicago Railroads Report Increased Business in Freight.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 31.—East-bound shipments last week amounted to 37,255 tons, against 23,146 for the preceding week, and 49,881 for the corresponding week of last year. The roads carried tonnage as follows: Michigan Central, 5,275; Wabash, 1,478; Lake Shore, 7,020; Fort Wayne, 6,742; Pan Handle, 7,416; Baltimore & Ohio, 2,973; Grand Trunk, 5,056; Nickel Plate, 5,327; Erie, 4,735; Big Four, 1,233. Total, 47,255.

Shipments were made up of the following articles in tons: Flour, 1,387; grain and mill stuffs, 14,322; provisions, lard, etc., 13,601; dressed beef, 6,381; butter, 2,142; hides, 2,175; wool, 1,433; lumber, 4,824; miscellaneous, 885. Total, 47,255. The amount of freight handled last week is about what the roads were handling before the strike, and shows that they have recovered their own and are now doing as much business as before they were crippled.

The chief item in the traffic of the Western roads at present is live stock, which stock raisers are hurrying to the markets as rapidly as possible. The scarcity of corn and the destruction of pasturage in the Western states by the heat form the principal reasons why the stock-raisers are rushing in their cattle. If the stock shipments maintain their present average it will be only a short time before the price takes a tumble, as packers have at present about all they care to handle, and there seems to be no signs of a let-up in the traffic.

## GAMBLING IN CHICAGO.

The Grand Jury Files a Report Showing the Police Department.

CHICAGO, July 31.—A grand jury has filed a report on crime, saying: "We find that gambling is being carried on to its fullest extent in Chicago, with doors wide open and cappers and stool pigeons plying their vocation to catch the unwary, for the purpose of fleecing any victim who happens to fall into their hands, and that the heads of the police department of this city are giving some of the places mentioned below ample protection from arrest and prosecution."

A list of places at which it is alleged that gambling is being carried on is appended. The jury gives as a reason for not returning indictments against the proprietors of these places that the assistant state's attorney informed them that it would be impossible to secure convictions. The assistant state's attorney denies having made this statement. He says he merely told the jury that it was difficult to get testimony which would result in convictions.

## A GREAT CORN CROP.

News From Missouri and Kansas is Encouraging for This Grain.

KINGSVILLE, Mo., July 31.—One of the heaviest rains of the season visited this county commencing Saturday night and lasting up to 10 o'clock Sunday. This insures us the finest corn crop for years and secures excellent pasturage for stock.

### Crop Assured in Cherokee County.

COLUMBUS, Kan., July 31.—The general rain of Saturday night and yesterday insures the largest corn crop ever raised in this county. The wheat crop of this county this year is something extraordinary, many farmers reporting a yield of thirty-five bushels or more per acre.

### Breaks the Record.

NORRIS, Mo., July 31.—The grandest rain of the season fell here Sunday, insuring the greatest corn crop ever known in this part of the state. The wheat so far as threshed, has averaged about twenty-one bushels per acre, weighing fully sixty pounds.

### Linn County Democratic Ticket Named.

LINNEUS, Mo., July 31.—The Democratic county convention met here yesterday and nominated the following ticket: Representative, T. D. Evans; sheriff, R. J. Dali; circuit clerk, A. L. Pratt; recorder, R. W. Flood; probate judge, E. W. Wilcox; county clerk, J. H. Craig; treasurer, W. P. Thorne; coroner, Dr. Shepard; judge at large, W. P. Elson; judge Western district, William Morehead; judge Eastern district, G. W. Knifong.

### Missouri Delegates Appointed.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., July 31.—In the international irrigation convention to be held in Denver September 3 Missouri is entitled to be represented by two delegates, and they were appointed by Governor Stone. They are: John M. Nuckolls, Jr., managing editor of the Kansas City Times, and Clarence E. Edwards, managing editor of the Kansas City Journal.

### Freight Rate Committee Meet.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 31.—The trans-Missouri freight rate committee are in session in this city checking up and revising changes in the rate sheets.

## NEWS BREVITIES.

Mayo college, the leading educational institution of North Texas, in Delta county, has been destroyed by fire. Loss, \$100,000.

Congressman D. D. Aitken was unanimously renominated for congress by the convention of the Sixth Michigan district.

Hon. Julius C. Burrows has been unanimously renominated for congress for the Seventh Michigan district. The nomination was by a rising vote.

The general lines of road in the Wisconsin forest fire district report the danger past, and the fires subdued to where they will not cause further damage. There are occasional fires, but not such as to do any harm.

The inhabitants of the southern part of Colorado have asked the state veterinary board to establish a quarantine against sheep from New Mexico and Texas. It is claimed that these sheep bring scab into Colorado.

## For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for testing. It soothes, softens the gums, allays pain, cures colic. Best remedy for diarrhoea. 25 cents a bottle.

## Children of Reformers.

It used to be said that the children of reformers would not ally themselves with the cause for which they had seen so many sacrifices made, but that is certainly not true in the suffrage movement. Miss Miller is always a staunch advocate of woman's freedom as well as of the education of the negro, and her mother, Elizabeth Smith Miller, is a pillar of strength to the movement in her county. To add only two more instances in New York: Miss Curtis, daughter of George William Curtis, is holding aloft the banner of equal rights in Staten Island, and Harriot Stanton Blatch, one of the leaders of the woman suffrage movement in England, made a suffrage speech in New York city on the very day of her landing in New York recently on a brief visit to her mother, Elizabeth Cady Stanton.—Miss Anthony in Woman's Tribune.

## In Despair

Heart Palpitation, Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Catarrh

Read What Hood's Sarsaparilla Did for a Complication of Diseases.



Miss Maggie Boyer

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:"

"Gentlemen—I am so thankful to Hood's Sarsaparilla that I make this statement for the benefit of others who are suffering. I have been troubled with rheumatism, neuralgia and palpitation of the heart for nearly four years. Last August I had a severe attack of malaria fever which aggravated my old troubles, and I also had catarrh. I was indeed in a dreadful condition and suffered very much. I seemed to find no relief until I began using Hood's Sarsaparilla and Hood's Pills. I have taken

## Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

three bottles of Sarsaparilla and am a great deal better in all respects. I feel but little of the rheumatism, neuralgia and palpitation, and do not have catarrh half as much as I did before. I will soon be perfectly well. I feel nothing of that tired feeling

but feel I am gaining strength right along. My appetite is immense. I am well enough so that I can do almost all kinds of housework." Miss MAGGIE DOVER, Sedgewick, Kansas.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

## W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

\$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF.

\$4.35 FINE CALF & KANGAROO.

\$3.89 POLICE, 3 SOLES.

\$2.50 \$2. WORKINGMENS.

\$2.12 75 BOYS SCHOOL SHOES.

"LADIES."

\$3.25 \$2.12 75 BEST DONGOLA.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

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You can save money by purchasing W. L. Douglas shoes.

Because, we are the largest manufacturers of advertised shoes in the world, and guarantee the value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can. Sold by

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